

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

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MAYSVILLE, KY., MONDAY, JANUARY 24, 1887.

PRICE ONE CENT.

A QUESTION ABOUT Brown's Iron Bitters ANSWERED.

The question has probably been asked thousands of times. "How can Brown's Iron Bitters cure everything?" Well, it doesn't. But it does cure any disease for which a reputable physician would prescribe it. It is a powerful agent known to the profession, and the quality of any leading chemical firm will substantiate the assertion that there are no preparations of iron than of any other substance used in medicine. This shows conclusively that iron is acknowledged to be the most important factor in successful medical practice. It is, however, a remarkable fact that prior to the discovery of BROWN'S IRON BITTERS no perfectly satisfactory iron combination had ever been found. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is the only iron medicine that cures the teeth, causes headache, or produces constipation—all other iron medicines do. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS cures indigestion, biliousness, weakness, dyspepsia, malaria, chills and fevers, tired feeling, general debility, pain in the side, back or limbs, headache and neuralgia—for all these ailments it is prescribed daily. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, however, does not cure in a minute. Like all other thorough medicines, it acts slowly. When taken by men the first symptom of benefit is renewed energy. When taken by women, the digestion improves, the bowels are active. In women the effect is usually more rapid and marked. The eyes begin to clear, the complexion improves, the healthy color comes to the cheeks; nervousness disappears; functional derangements become regular, and if a nursing mother, abundant nutriment is supplied for the child. Remember Brown's Iron Bitters is the ONLY iron medicine that is not injurious. Physicians and Druggists recommend it. The Genuine has Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. TAKE NO OTHER.

THE ADVANTAGES OF



IT CURES DYSPEPSIA
by acting at once on that most important organ, the stomach.

IT CURES INDIGESTION
by causing the assimilation of the food.

IT CURES WEAKNESS
by toning quickly the whole system.

IT CURES MALARIA
by enriching the blood and driving the malarial poison entirely out of the body.

IT CURES CHILLS & FEVER
by stopping the fever, and restoring the nerves to a healthy condition.

IT CURES KIDNEY DISEASES
by strengthening the parts, purifying the blood and relieving all pains in the back.

IT CURES LIVER COMPLAINT
by making the liver and bowels act promptly, carrying off the surplus bile.

IT CURES NEURALGIA
by regulating and strengthening the nervous system of the head, face & neck.

IT CURES RHEUMATISM
by making the blood flow regularly, and evenly through the veins and by removing therefrom the cause of the disease.

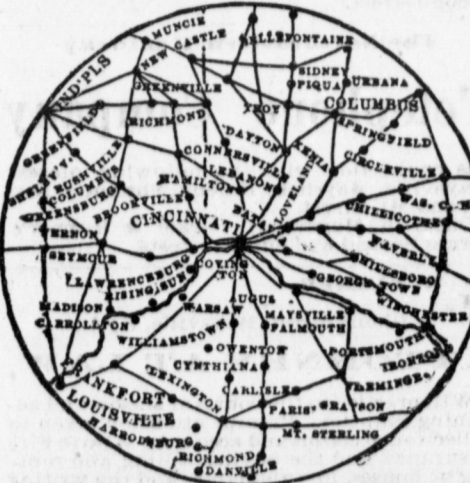
IT CURES FEMALE INFIRMITIES
by regulating the functions, giving strength to all organs, and making the blood smooth and cheeks rosy.

IT CURES DELICATE CHILDREN
by giving a healthy and regular appetite, warming the blood and inducing elasticity in the limbs.

IT CURES BLOOD DISEASES
by cleansing and purifying the blood, it is delightful to be taken at ANY TIME OF THE DAY. Breakfast, Lunch, Dinner or Supper, in all seasons, as it is exhilarating, comforting and sustaining, providing in a concentrated form admirable, nutritive and flesh-forming qualities, strength and staying power. For sale by all dealers in Medicine. Price \$1.00.

The Volina Almanac for 1887—new and attractive, mailed on receipt of a 2 cent stamp.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS
Volina Drug & Chemical Co.,
BALTIMORE, MD., U. S. A.



TO FAMILIES
RESIDING WITHIN A RADIUS OF 150 MILES OF CINCINNATI, we will deliver to your railroad station or steamboat landing, **FREE OF CHARGE,** HOUSEHOLD SUPPLIES, STAPLE AND FINE GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS, to the value of \$25.00 and upwards, at prices quoted in our CONSUMERS' MONTHLY PRICE-LIST, mailed on application. (Sugars in quantity excluded.) Our reputation of half a century has been built on honest quantity and quality, and bitter warfare against all adulterations, and by never making any misrepresentations.

JOSEPH R. PEEBLES' SONS, GROCERS,
Pike's Building, Cincinnati, O.
ESTABLISHED 1840.

T. J. CURLEY,
Sanitary Plumber,
GAS & STEAM FITTER.

Curley's new system of House Drainage and Ventilation, bath rooms fitted up with hot and cold water a specialty. Also a large supply of

Iron, Lead and Stone Pipe,
Globe, Angle and Check Valves, water and Steam Gauges, Force and Lift Pumps, Rubber Hose, Chandeliers, Brackets and Globes. Personal attention given to all work and satisfaction guaranteed. T. J. CURLEY, Second street, above Market, opposite Omar Dodson's, Mayville, Ky.

THE NEWS OF THE NATION

ALL THE IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS IN WASHINGTON.

A Recommendation From the Director of the Mint to the House of Representatives—Effects of the Interstate Commerce Bill—Other Washington News.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The director of the mint has transmitted, through the secretary of the treasury, to the house of representatives a recommendation for a modification of the law relating to the refining and parting of bullion at the mints, so as to explicitly provide for the application of proceeds of the said refineries of the mints and assay offices of the United States to the reduction of the expenses of the operations of said acid refineries.

The secretary of the treasury also sent to the house estimate of deficiencies in the appropriations for salaries and expenses of the National board of health during the present fiscal year, amounting to \$75,000. In the letter accompanying the estimates the secretary of the board earnestly urges the importance of making the appropriation requested; but says in case it is decreed undesirable to confine the work which has for its object the preservation and improvement of the health of the people, the laws devolving such duties in the board should be repealed.

Effect of Interstate Commerce.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Apropos of the passage by the house of the interstate commerce bill, an interesting fact is disclosed. It seems that the Pennsylvania railroad instructed their counsel to carefully examine the bill as reported by the conference committee and give them a calm, dispassionate opinion as to what its effect would be on the railroad property. The lawyers thus appealed to gave the bill their full consideration, and had to report that they could give no opinion at all as to its probable effect, inasmuch as it would depend upon the construction put upon its provisions by the supreme courts of the respective states. Some would probably construe it one way and some another.

One of the Railroad Commissioners.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—One of the commissioners appointed under the interstate commerce act is not unlikely to be Allen W. Thurman, of Ohio, a son of the veteran Allen G. Thurman. It is understood that the elder Thurman would be greatly gratified at this appointment and has made known his wishes to the president. The younger Thurman is a cripple, having lost an arm by an accident several years ago. He lives with his father in Columbus.

Reported Adversely.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The resolution calling on the attorney general for information as to the legal authority under which the Union Pacific was consolidated with the Kansas Pacific and the Denver Pacific railroads, and reorganized them under the name of the Union Pacific, and then issued stock and trust loans, was adversely reported in the house by Mr. Hammond, of Georgia, from the judiciary committee, and laid on the table.

The President Will Sign the Bill.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—There appears to be no doubt that the president will sign the interstate commerce bill, in view of the large majority by which it has passed both houses, although it is said there are several features of the measure which do not especially commend themselves to him.

FIFTY SHOTS FIRED.

A Lively Fusillade Between the Police and Unknown Men in Chicago.
CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—A lively fusillade frightened the sleeping citizens at Sixteenth and State streets about 3 o'clock in the morning. Officers Styx and Barrett were patrolling their beat in that vicinity, when they came upon four men. Without a word or any attempt by the police to interfere with them, the quartet ordered the officers to stand back, and drawing revolvers, opened fire.

This was returned by the police, and two of the party were hit. A teamster named Williamson, who witnessed the battle from his bedroom window, says that he saw one of the men drop his pistol-arm and run off, and he heard another groan and hold his hand to his side as he made off. All escaped. The officers were not wounded, though their clothes and caps were cut by the bullets. There were from forty to fifty shots fired.

Found After Twenty Years.
DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 24.—Twenty years ago Terrence Donohue, then fifteen years old, left his home near Grandville, Mich., and no trace of him could be found. Two years later his parents received word that he had been killed in a railway accident. The shock drove the mother insane, and she died a few months after. The father removed to New York, but returned to Michigan and settled near Big Rapids. To-day Mr. Donohue and his daughter were at the Grand Rapids railway depot, when they were accosted by a sunbrowned stranger, who, after asking innumerable questions, revealed himself as his son and brother. He explained that he had traveled with a circus and had had a varied experience. He had returned to his home after three years' absence, to find the old place deserted, and he had then gone to California, where he had been fortunate in business.

Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 24.—Cotton shed No. 4, of the Merchants' Cotton Press and Storage company, located on the corner of Shelby and South streets, burned early this morning, together with 6,500 bales of cotton. The loss is about \$300,000, fully insured.

Hurt While Returning From a Funeral.
LANCASTER, O., Jan. 24.—Mrs. Newton Williamson, while returning from the funeral of Robinson J. Peters, her brother, to-day, in a carriage, was run into by a runaway team, and dangerously if not fatally injured.

Two Thousand Witness a Hanging.
LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 24.—At Newport, Ark., Abe Chambers, a negro, was hanged for the murder of a colored man named Jonas Williams in 1894. There were about 2,000 spectators.

ARCHBISHOP CORRIGAN.

He Furnishes a Statement of His Position in the McGlynn Affair.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—Archbishop Corrigan has furnished to the press a long statement of his position in the case of Dr. McGlynn. "In Dr. McGlynn's letter to me," the archbishop says, "the following sentiment is expressed: 'I have taught that individual ownership in land is robbery. I still believe this, and shall continue to preach it, and if I had it in my power, would confiscate all land without any compensation.' The archbishop says the letter was exceedingly plain, and almost insulting. He can do nothing further in the case. It has passed out of his hands. To-day, he says he received a cablegram from Rome, saying that the question had been placed before the pope by the propaganda, and has been made a personal question. Practically Father McGlynn has thrown off the power of the Roman Catholic Church and defies it. Dr. McGlynn has clearly given his ultimatum to the archbishop. The archbishop says that he advised Dr. McGlynn not to speak at political meetings before he knew of Mr. George's candidacy for the mayoralty. At a later date he officially forbade such speaking. Dr. McGlynn replied that he would speak at the George mass meeting. The archbishop thereupon suspended him for two weeks. Later, on November 24, McGlynn had contradicted the doctrine of Leo XIII. by denouncing private property in land. The archbishop suspended him for a year.

On December 4 the propaganda cabled a demand that Dr. McGlynn go to Rome. Dr. McGlynn sent word to the archbishop: "There is no answer," and never heeded the summons. On December 20 Dr. McGlynn wrote the archbishop that he could not go to Rome, and reiterated his land doctrine as above stated. Early in January Cardinal Simeone wrote a conciliating and kind letter to the archbishop for Dr. McGlynn, who was thereupon asked to call for it. He refused, saying he would not go to see the archbishop. The letter was mailed to him, and again he sent word that he would not go to Rome, nor retract his former avowals. Father Donnelly was thereupon placed in charge of St. Stephen's parish. On Monday the pope gave a direct command to Dr. McGlynn to proceed instantly to Rome the latest phase of the conflict, occurred this morning, when Archbishop Jacobini, secretary of the propaganda, cabled as follows: "For prudential reasons the propaganda has hitherto postponed action in the case of Dr. McGlynn. The sovereign pontiff has now taken the matter into his own hands."

RETALIATORY MEASURES.

Senator Gorman's Bill Falls Like a Bomb in the Dominion Camp.

BOSTON, Jan. 24.—The Herald's Ottawa dispatch says: The retaliatory measure introduced in the United States senate by Senator Gorman regarding the transit of goods destined for Canada through the United States, fell like a bomb in the government camp at the Dominion capital. From conversation with several prominent government officials, it is learned that the course of the Dominion government is pursuing in regard to the transshipment of cargoes, is considered to be most arbitrary. It is argued at the fisheries department that, if American vessels were permitted to land their fish for shipment by rail to the United States, it would necessitate keeping a large lot of vessels and officers to enforce the customs and fisheries regulations.

Against this was pointed out that there are only seven ports in the maritime provinces from which transshipments by rail could be made. A prominent Conservative stated that, in straining the interpretation of the treaty to its utmost limit, in waging war against the American fishermen on every possible pretext, he believed the Dominion government had raised up such a feeling against Canada in the United States that all possibility of extending commercial relations with that country, or arranging a reciprocity treaty, had been forever killed.

Recovering Stolen Goods.

BOSTON, Jan. 24.—The police made a raid on a house in Chelsea, in which was found several thousand dollars' worth of stolen property. A gang of counterfeiters inhabiting the premises were arrested. Their names are Gaetano Russa, aged forty-eight; Baldagari Basso, aged forty; and Rosa Perinini, aged twenty-seven, all Italians. The house Cottage street, Chelsea, was found full of money, jewelry, diamonds, etc., valued at many thousands of dollars, also an immense lot of silver bullion, and the most complete set of counterfeiters' paraphernalia ever captured.

Miss Willard Was Treated Respectfully.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Jan. 24.—Congressman McKinley, of Ohio, and Phelps, of New Jersey, have telegraphed denials of a statement made by Mr. St. John in a speech here Thursday night, that Miss Willard was given only fifteen minutes to advocate temperance before the committee on resolutions at the Republican National convention in Chicago, and that she was obliged to speak in the presence of smokers and drunken revellers, who insulted her. They say she was given more time than anybody else, and was treated respectfully.

Tried to Wreck a Train.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 24.—The Union Pacific construction train, while on its way from Duncan to Columbus, last evening, struck an obstruction and it was discovered iron spikes and bolts had been placed upon the track with the intention of wrecking the train. A young Pole, who was arrested, admitted he had done the work out of revenge, because he had been refused a ride on the train.

Four Murderers Escape From Jail.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., Jan. 24.—Seven prisoners made their escape from jail at Scottsboro, Ala., last night by cutting a bar of iron from a cell door. They broke away the bars from a window on the second floor after getting into the corridor and jumped to the ground. Four of the escaped prisoners were murderers, the other three robbers.

Preparing a Tunnel for Inspection.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—A large gang of men were at work to-day pumping the water out of the North river tunnel at the Jersey City entrance. It is understood that they are preparing the tunnel for inspection by a party of capitalists, who are expected to risk their money in the enterprise.

CINCINNATI CONVENTION.

A BELIEF THAT THE GREAT LABOR MEETING IS IN DANGER.

The Anarchist-Socialist Element Determined to Rule the Body—Interesting Reading Furnished by the New York State Workingmen's Assembly.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—It is a pretty well determined fact that the Anarchist-Socialist element will crop out in the great National Industrial convention which assemblies in Cincinnati on the 24th of next month, and the object of which is to form a National political party composed of the industrial and producing classes. The official notice to elect delegates has been received by all the labor organizations in this city, of every name and kind, and the elections will commence next week.

Some vigorous wire pulling is going on, and it is already evident that several of the leading Socialist agitators and orators will be sent to the convention, with instructions to do their level best to capture it, and especially to secure a vote of sympathy with Spies, et al., and the appointment of a national committee in the interest of the condemned men.

Col. B. S. Heath, the well known Greenback advocate and editor, who has general charge of the preliminaries in this city, scouts, however, the idea of the Socialists and Anarchists capturing control of the gathering. He says that a general invitation has been extended to all anti-monopoly leagues, Grangers, the Patrons of Husbandry, soldiers' organizations and Greenback Labor clubs, and that the response has been so hearty that the conservatives will be in an overwhelming majority. Other representatives of the moderates, however, do not deny that the radicals will be strong enough to make music, and perhaps to defeat, by creating discord, some of the important objects for which the convention has been called.

New York Workingmen's Assembly.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 24.—At yesterday's session of the workingmen's assembly the following resolutions, among others, were presented and referred: Declaring civil service a delusion and a farce, and demanding the legislature to speedily repeal the law; requesting the legislature to enact a law providing that stone used in public buildings should be dressed and cut in the state; demanding the repeal of the conspiracy section of the code so far as it relates to workingmen; making it a penal offense for employers to force their help to sign an agreement not to join any labor organization.

"RESOLVED, That the Workingmen's assembly, of New York, does hereby place itself on record as being in favor of the amendment to the constitution of the United States providing for the election of United States senators directly by the people and on a regular state ticket."

"WHEREAS, Believing that the clergymen of all religious sects are men like other men, with the same weaknesses, infirmities and liabilities to err as all mankind, and that they are not only free to assume their citizenship of their adopted country, but it is their duty to assume also the responsibilities attached thereto and partake to the fullest extent of that blessing with which all citizens of these United States are endowed—the right of universal suffrage; therefore,

"RESOLVED, That we, workingmen and citizens of these United States, deprecate the interference of any theological dignitary tending to influence or curtail in any manner whatever, the rights of clerical subordinates in exercising the privileges which cause this republic to be dear to the hearts of all lovers of liberty."

Eight Hour Agitation.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—It is said that another eight hour movement of even greater magnitude than the one which failed last year is being organized by local labor agitators to be inaugurated May 1 next. The various carpenters' unions have already adopted resolutions declaring that they will demand eight hours and pay at the rate of thirty cents per hour. The other branches of the building trades are being organized as fast as possible, and they will probably follow the example of the carpenters in a week or two.

It is not improbable that all the building trades will be consolidated and organized into a separate district assembly of the Knights of Labor. Efforts tending to bring this consolidation about are being made by members of the different unions, who claim that they will eventually be successful. There are upward of 15,000 men working at the building trades who are members of the Knights of Labor, and whose assemblies at present are divided between Districts 24 and 57. They claim that they are entitled to a separate district of their own, if only to bring their unions into closer communication than at present.

Coal Pool Affairs.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 24.—A meeting of soft coal producers was recently held in this city, at which it was agreed that when the pool governing the production destined for the seaboard had been made operative the wages of the miners under the jurisdiction of the pool would be advanced. This would place all the eastern producers on an equal footing. The notice of an advance has already been posted in the Cumberland region. The producers state that the formation of the pool will secure an advance of fifty cents per ton in the price of coal.

Cuban Knights of Labor.

KEY WEST, Fla., Jan. 24.—Telegrams from Tampa announce that members of the Cuban Federation fired on Knights of Labor, who were leaving their hall. One knight was killed and three seriously wounded. The trouble has grown out of a strike inaugurated on Monday. There is much excitement here among the Cuban knights who are 1,000 strong. Money is being raised for the Tampa Knights union.

WINNIPEG, Man., Jan. 24.—A dispatch from Van Couver, B. C., states that a corpse was found in the hollow of a stump at the foot of Granville street, in that city Thursday. The stump is about ten feet in length and hollowed out by fire. The corpse is so much decomposed that death must have occurred several months ago.

INVESTIGATING A DEATH.

A Belief That the Death of Judge John H. Horsford Was Not Natural.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—A special to the Inter-Ocean from Minneapolis, Minn., says: "For some time past several Illinois attorneys have been in the city investigating the circumstances attending the death of Judge John H. Horsford, who died suddenly a few weeks ago. The investigation was commenced at the suggestion of the heirs of the deceased, who had somehow got the impression that the death was not the result of natural causes, and who have now taken steps for a chemical analysis of the stomach of the dead man. About twelve months prior to his death Judge Horsford married the present Mrs. Horsford, and the life of the couple, it is said, was an exceptionally happy one. Several weeks ago he ate an apple, soon after complained of intense pain, and death resulted before those around him could summon medical assistance."

Mrs. Horsford apprised the coroner, and requested a post mortem examination. The post mortem revealed the fact that Judge Horsford's heart and kidneys were in a badly diseased condition, and liable to cause death at any moment. One of the examining surgeons said there was no ground for the suspicion that there was anything wrong. In the probate court at Fargo to-day the petition of Mrs. Horsford to be appointed administratrix of the estate was granted. The contestants were the five married daughters of deceased. The estate is worth \$300,000.

A CONVICT NEGRO HAS RIGHTS.

One in Mississippi Recovers \$1,000 for Brutal Treatment—A Novel Case.

JACKSON, Miss., Jan. 24.—What is, perhaps, the most novel trial ever brought before a jury in this state was finished to-day after a hearing of six days. It was a suit by an ex-convict, a negro, who was sent to the state penitentiary for eighteen months for stealing a hog, against Capt. John P. Withers, manager of one of the scores of plantations in the Mississippi delta, of the late cotton king of the world, Col. E. Richardson. The negro, Evans Forbes, was sublet by the lessees of the penitentiary to Withers, and while working on the plantation, he alleged, was subjected to many hardships and cruelties not warranted by the laws of the state. He was whipped upon the bare back, he said, and forced to work in bad weather, which caused one of his hands to be frost-bitten, and one of his fingers to be amputated. He escaped and reported to the governor, who afterwards pardoned him, and this suit was then brought for damages of \$10,000.

Many witnesses were examined, among them Governor Lowry. The best lawyers in the state were engaged in the case, as it was assumed that if the convict won many more of the kind would follow, convicts. Eleven white men and one colored man as dozens of planters in the delta had been working, made up the jury. The case was given them at 11 o'clock last night, and, after being locked up all night, they brought in a verdict giving the ex-convict \$1,000 damages.

Trapping a Thief.

JACKSON, Miss., Jan. 24.—A story reaches here from Corinth, Miss., which says that the glass boxes in the postoffice there have been repeatedly broken, enabling the burglar to run his arm through the hole and take anything that might be within reach. The postmaster set a heavy steel trap, such as are used for catching beavers, and upon going to the postoffice found a young man who proved to be the son of a prominent citizen, with his hand caught in the teeth of the trap. The prisoner had taken his knife from his pocket and opened it with his teeth and attempted to cut his throat. He was all bloody, but not dangerously injured.

Sent Up for Forgery.

WARREN, Ind., Jan. 24.—Commodore E. Clemens, a prominent attorney at Warsaw, has been sentenced to two years in prison for forgery. Clemens, with three other prominent professional men of the county, forged notes on farmers amounting to nearly \$100,000. The signatures were stolen from tax duplicates in the county auditor's office. The principal offender is serving ten years, and one has jumped his bond and is in Canada.

The Hocking Valley Shortage.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—Securities of the par value of \$74,000 are stated to be missing from the treasury of the Hocking Valley Railroad company, and the new board of directors think they ought to be there. Judge Burke and his associates, who recently retired from the management, are not accused of wrongfully withholding these securities, but a lively fight in the courts will grow out of the question as to their right to retain possession of them.

Forest Fires.

EUREKA SPRINGS, Ark., Jan. 24.—Extensive forest fires have been raging near this city for the last few days. Yesterday, during a heavy gale, the fires spread to the outskirts of the city and consumed two frame buildings. It was thought that the high wind would carry the flames to other buildings, but after a determined fight the fire was extinguished without further loss. The fierce gale blew down several frame buildings, but so far as known no lives were lost.

A Texas Shooting.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Jan. 24.—A shooting affair took place Friday afternoon, on the Military plaza, between two brothers named Nicholson and Robert Wynne, resulting in the fatal wounding of W. C. Nicholson and Wynne. Abe Nicholson and Wynne were formerly partners, owning a wood yard, but the partnership had been dissolved. Wynne claimed he had been wronged. He called at the store of the Nicholson brothers and deliberately provoked a quarrel, with the above result. Fifteen shots were fired.

New Mexico Suffering From Drouth.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Jan. 24.—That part of eastern New Mexico adjacent to what is known as the panhandle of Texas, is suffering severely from the longest spell of dry weather that has ever been experienced. No rain of consequence has fallen since last September, and unless relief comes soon the damage will be terrible, as the ranches are drying up, and no new grass is growing.

Booth and Barrett.

BOSTON, Jan. 24.—Lawrence Barrett says that Mr. Booth and he will play together 200 nights throughout the country next season.

MONDAY EVENING, JAN. 24, 1887.

The Kentucky delegation in Congress is said to be almost solid against removing the tax on tobacco. Tobacco is considered a luxury, and the Republican party, in order to keep up a high tariff, would give the people of this country cheap whisky and cheap tobacco in preference to cheap food and cheap clothing.

The Franklin News Company is publishing a cheap edition of "Useful Knowledge for the Million." We suggest that the late "sole owner" and his partner procure a copy at once. They may find within its covers a few hints on meddling with other people's affairs. But we forget. What these two egotists don't know now isn't worth knowing.

The daughter of Cassius M. Clay, of Richmond, Ky., has presented a petition to the United States Senate, asking for "an equal protection with other persons in what the Fifteenth amendment defines as 'the right of citizens of the United States to vote.'" The Hon. C. M. C. is a Republican candidate for Governor, and this may be only a shrewd move of his to advertise himself.

COMPLETE returns from twenty-seven counties—most of them small counties—show an increase of 137 per cent. in the assessed value of personality over that of 1886. This is the class of property that has been escaping taxation in former years, and the poor man, whose little home has been assessed at its fair value all along, should congratulate himself that there is now a law that will bring the wealthy tax-dodger to time.

A PROMINENT Republican of Cincinnati is credited lately by the Post with saying:

I think Mr. Blaine realizes and the Republican party is fast coming to the conclusion that Mr. Blaine can not be elected if the party should nominate him. The administration of Cleveland has had much to do with establishing it as a conviction that Mr. Blaine can not be elected. You know that great fears were entertained of a Democratic administration by many conservative Republicans. They were afraid that everything would be turned topsy turvy, and that fear caused many to vote for Blaine who would otherwise not have done so. Cleveland's administration has, if it has done nothing else, disabused the public mind on that subject, and the pressure to vote for Mr. Blaine on those who do not like his methods and who think he cannot prevent the party before the country with a clean face is in a great measure removed. Then again, it is pretty well understood that the effect of the action which Blaine abandoned in Indianapolis has been to destroy all hope of his being able to carry Indiana.

Here's more bad news for the late "sole owner." Blaine's star looks like it has shone its brightest, and is blurred all over by past defeat and the distrust of his party. Our conceited contemporary's candidate doesn't seem to be the choice of many Republicans outside of the third story of the Zweigart Block.

MANY wonderful changes are taking place in the industries of this country year after year. It has not been such a long time ago that saw Cincinnati the great pork-packing center of America. The Queen City enjoyed a supremacy in this industry, but it did not last. With the development of the West, the business has been transferred to a large extent to Chicago and Kansas City, and these cities now divide the honors with Cincinnati, as far as the pork packing industry is concerned.

The revolution now going on in the iron-making industry is even more striking, and is attracting the attention of the country. Pennsylvania is fast losing the proud position she has held so long as the leading iron-making State of America. This immense industry is fast being transferred to the South, and the next few years will see Tennessee and Alabama the center of the richest iron industries of the age.

All the elements required in the manufacture of iron are there in close proximity, and in inexhaustible quantities. Since it has been successfully demonstrated that the cost of manufacture in Alabama is \$5 a ton cheaper than in Pennsylvania, the South has ceased to look upon the latter State as a rival in this industry. This is a wonderful change for a few years to bring about, but the end is not yet. From the present outlook, the future has in store something more remarkable.

The people of this country are at last opening their eyes to the wonderful mineral wealth that is waiting development in the South, and capital is being poured into that section from the North, East and West at the rate of thousands of dollars every day. Let us hope that the rich coal and iron deposits of Eastern Kentucky will attract the attention of some of these men of enterprise, and that our own State will come in for a share of the development and improvement the next decade seems to have in store.

Our Conceited Contemporary.

The two middle-class Matties down at the corner—the editors and alleged owners of the Republican—have evidently arrived at the conclusion that they own the earth,—or ought to own it. They seem dead bent on trying to regulate the public and private affairs of the people of this city, and to run things to suit themselves. This is not strange at all. Their egotism and conceit would tempt them, no doubt, to a much more difficult task. The late "sole owner's" egotism and conceit are only exceeded by his bravery in attacking a little traveling shoe store, or his independence and exceedingly deep learning when it comes to the gas question. And the recent acquisition from Louisville seems to be about on a par with his partner. The people of Maysville know the late "sole owner" to be just what we have pictured him. His self-praise has disgusted them so long that they are used to it. Better things were expected of the acquisition from Louisville—we beg pardon, the "brilliant journalist," Mr. J. Hartshorne Hill—but it seems the public is doomed to disappointment.

These two conceited individuals, judging from their last issue, are not satisfied with the way the BULLETIN is run. They are the only two mortals in Maysville, of course, who know anything, at all, about running a newspaper. That mustn't be lost sight of for a moment. They must have their news matter and editorials arranged just so so, or not at all. Their editorials must be set up in different type from their news, this perhaps to prevent any of them from getting in on the local page where they might run the risk of never being recognized. Their brilliant thoughts being dressed up in different type are easily distinguished from news items, and their news items having a particular dress, of course, never wander off into the space set apart for the special exhibition of the genius of these egotists. By the way, what a fortunate thing for them that there are different forms of type! It's rendered such an easy task thereby to distinguish their brilliant thoughts from mere common-place, every-day news. They should ever be grateful to the man who got out the different forms of type.

But aside from all this we trust they will excuse us for refusing to accept their unsought-for suggestions. The BULLETIN's editorials must not be as brilliant as those of our conceited contemporary. But, our claims have been modest, and we have never professed to be the possessors of any remarkable ability. All the same, the BULLETIN is the only successful newspaper in this city—we speak this and the following not in a spirit of self-praise.

It can point to an honorable career.

It has lived to write the obituary of many of its contemporaries, and it may survive a few more.

It is hale and hearty.

Its credit is good, at home and abroad. It is not plastered over with mortgages, and hasn't any debts knocking at its doors.

If any of its contemporaries ever did any work for it, they got their pay promptly, and to the cent.

If any of its contemporaries ever furnished material and turned out job work for it, it didn't take the matter and collect the money for it, and then spend the cash in low "dives" in drunken carousals.

Its employees, from the devil up, have never been stood off for their wages.

It pays its employees whenever the week is up, and very often in advance.

Drafts are always met with the cash.

It is not forever importuning those who owe it.

It has been lenient in its treatment of its debtors—too lenient in several instances for its own good.

It has always been able to manage its own business.

It has not made it a habit to pry into the affairs of other people, when the public is not concerned.

To make a long story short it can "point with pride" to its career in the past.

If one's ability is to be judged by his success, we are inclined to think the editors of the Republican are correct when they allude to the BULLETIN as their "able contemporary."

(Communicated.)

Pithy Points From Washington.

We are of the opinion that it won't take a very far-seeing man to see the significance in the decision of the Big Sandy Packet Company to do away with bars and whisky selling on their boats.

Now, in the future if a man should be found drunk on one of the boats of this line, we hardly think it would be fair to say that prohibition was a failure on them.

Because some man or men will persist in selling liquor after it has been voted out of a town, is no reason for condemning the local option law as a failure, by no means.

We have seen a man go to a grocery and buy one pound of sugar for his family and three gallons of whisky for himself. This shows what business whisky-selling is, and of course, as long as so much money is made at it, men ain't going to let go of it in a hurry.

We should consider that man just as sane who looked for the millennium to begin with the rising of to-morrow's sun, as the one who expected whisky telling

and drinking to cease at once in a place, because local option had carried.

If temperance people get disheartened because such reports are put out, no one need for a moment suppose that the whisky people are correspondingly elated; for the latter know by the very fact of liquor being voted out of towns and counties as fast as it is that the order has at last been passed along the line for rum to walk the plank.

The friends of temperance have great cause for rejoicing, when such corporations as the Big Sandy Packet Company voluntarily quit the business of making drunkards; for every one knows that the bar on a steamboat is no small affair in the way of income, and when a boat quits the business it must be on account of the principle involved.

Small Talk.

Adam's first ballad was, "Warbling at Eve."

Prominent among cheebuts bells are the Chimes of Normandy.

Elihu Vedder is going to exhibit his paintings in Boston this winter—if the vedder permits.

Young ladies whose tastes incline them to marry handsome fellows must not expect to do all the admiring.

A New Hampshire lady never permits herself to fret over anything. She is eighty years of age, and can sleep like a top.

A Chicago man has had a rib removed by a surgical operation. He ought not to complain, for he is no worse off than Adam was.

Prof. Maria Mitchell, of Vassar, is of opinion that women have never had a chance to show what they could do in responsible positions.

Loss of Flesh and Strength,

with poor appetite, and perhaps light cough in morning, or on first lying down at night, should be looked to in time. Persons afflicted with consumption are proverbially unconscious of their real state. Most cases commence with disordered liver, leading to bad digestion and imperfect assimilation of food—hence the emaciation, or wasting of the flesh. It is a form of scrofulous disease, and is curable by the use of that greatest of all blood-cleansing, anti-bilious and invigorating compounds, known as Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery."

An End to Bone Scraping.

Edward Shephard, of Harrisburg, Ill., says: "Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. Have had a running sore on my leg for eight years; my doctors told me I would have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated. I used, instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my leg is now sound and well."

Electric Bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle, and Bucklen's Arnica Salve at 25c per box by J. C. Pecor & Co., and S. P. Campbell & Co., of Aberdeen Ohio.

PROPERTY in Lawrence County is assessed this year at \$1,858,110, a slight increase over previous assessments.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

FURNISHED BY W. A. NORTON.
Saturday's Closing—February wheat, 79½; corn, 35½; pork, 12 3/4.
May wheat, 85½; corn, 41½; pork, 12 5/8.
February wheat, 79, 79½, 79; corn, 36, 35½; pork, 12 5/8.
May wheat, 85½, 85½; corn, 41½, 41½; pork, 12 80, 12 75, 12 77½.

RETAIL MARKET.

Coffee ½ lb. 5 1/2
Molasses, new crop, per gal. 50 1/2
Molasses, old crop, 12 gal. 25
Golden Syrup 30
Sorghum, Fancy New, 50
Sugar, yellow ½ lb. 5 3/8
Sugar, extra C, ½ lb. 6 1/2
Sugar A, ½ lb. 7
Sugar, granulated, ½ lb. 7 1/2
Sugar, powdered, ½ lb. 8
Sugar, New Orleans, ½ lb. 6 1/2
Teas, ½ lb. 40 1/2
Coal Oil, head light ½ gal. 15
Apples, per peck. 25 1/2
Bacon, breakfast ½ lb. 11
Bacon, clear sides, ½ lb. 8 1/2
Bacon, Hams, ½ lb. 12 1/2
Bacon, Shoulders, per lb. 8 1/2
Beans ½ gal. 20 1/2
Butter, ½ lb. 20 1/2
Chicken, each. 15 1/2
Eggs, ½ doz. 15
Flour, Limestone, per barrel. 5 50
Flour, Old Gold, per barrel. 4 75
Flour, Maysville Fancy, per barrel. 4 75
Flour, Royal Patent, per barrel. 5 00
Flour, Maysville Family, per barrel. 5 00
Flour, Graham, per sack. 40
Honey, per lb. 15
Hominy, ½ gallon. 15
Meat ½ peck. 16
Lard, ½ lb. 16
Onions, per peck. 40
Potatoes ½ peck. 15

SOMETHING NEW

GOTO

G. S. HANCOCK,

No. 47 Market street, Maysville, Ky., for good and cheap.

Groceries and Produce,

and everything usually kept in a first-class retail grocery. Cash or trade for produce. Honest weight and square dealing.

TRINITY HALL-For Boys,

Near Louisville, Ky.

Full corps of teachers. Elevated and healthy location. Ample grounds. Handsome brick building, heated with steam and lighted with gas. Bath rooms on each floor. Entrance terms begin Feb. 14, 1887. Pupils received at any time. Address—E. L. McLELLAND, Head Master, Lock Box 87, Louisville, Ky.

Marvelous: Memory

DISCOVERY!

Wholly unlike Artificial Systems—Cure of Mind Wanderer—Any book learned in one reading. Prospects with opinions of Mr. PROCTOR, the Astrologer, Hon. W. A. TROTTER, JUDAH P. BENJAMIN, Drs. MINOR, WOOD, and others, sent post free, by PROF. LOINETTE, 237 Fifth Avenue, New York.

WEAK, UNDEVELOPED PARTS of the body enlarged and strengthened. Full particulars sent on application. Address—LOUISE ALON,

THE YEAR IS NEARING ITS CLOSE,
AND THE MERRY CHRIST-
MAS IS COMING!

You are respectfully invited to call at the
mammoth Furniture Store of

Henry ORT,

to inspect his large stock of Furniture and
Holiday Goods, consisting of

Chamber and
Parlor Suits,

and miscellaneous Furniture in the newest
styles, and suitable for the holidays, which
will be offered at prices uniformly low on
every article. He offers a large stock especially for the little folks, consisting of

Toy Sets,
Bedsteads,
Bureaus,
Tables,
Sideboards,
Desks,
Velocipedes,
Hobby-Horses.

We are offering great opportunities. Do
not fail to call and examine our stock and
get our prices.

HENRY ORT,

East Second St., Maysville.

L. HILL'S
PRICES.

Prices that must sell the goods.
Investigate! It pays!

18 lbs. Light Brown Sugar.....\$1 00
16 lbs. Coffee (A.) Sugar..... 1 00
14 lbs. Pure Granulated Sugar..... 1 00
6 lbs. Best Rice..... 25
6 lbs. Boneless Codfish..... 25
1 lb. best Roasted Java Coffee..... 25
1 can best American Peas..... 15
1 can fine, peeled Table Peaches..... 15
3 cans Paris Sugar Corn..... 45
1 gal. best Maple Syrup..... 25
1 can of California Asparagus..... 25
1 lb. Mixed Tea..... 40
1 gal. best Coal Oil..... 10
1 gal. pure Crab Cider (sweet)..... 20
1 gal. best Navy Beans..... 25
1 gal. choice Navy Beans..... 25
Just received a car-load of fine TINWARE,
which will be sold cheap.

R. W. S. HOOKES,

DENTIST.

Office Second Street, over Run-
yon & Hocker's dry goods store.
Nitrous-oxide Gas administered in all cases.

C. W. WARDLE,

Dentist.

Nitrous-Oxide Gas administered. Office
Corner Second and Sutton streets, Zweigart's
Block.

T. H. N. SMITH,

DENTIST.

Nitrous-oxide, or laughing gas
used for the painless extraction of
teeth. Office on Court Street

COOK & HAFLEY,

House, Sign and Ornamental

PAINTERS.

Wall Papering and Ceiling Decorating a
specialty. Fourth street, between Limestone
and Market, opposite public school.

LANE & WORRICK,

Contractors.

ARCHITECTS and BUILDERS.

Plans and specifications furnished on rea-
sonable terms and all work satisfactorily and
promptly done. Office on Third street, be-
tween Wall and Sutton.

W. A. NORTON,

—Representing—

LOUISVILLE COTTON and GRAIN EXCHANGE

Chicago Markets received every ten min-
utes. Orders taken for 1,000 bushels and up-
wards. Office: Cooper's building Second St.

JOE PRINTING of every description neatly
executed at the BULLETIN OFFICE.

L.S.L.

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$150,000.

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the
arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-
Annual Drawings of the Louisiana State Lot-
tery Company, and in person manage and con-
trol the Drawings themselves, and that the same
are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in
good faith toward all parties, and we authorize
the Company to use this certificate, with fac-sim-
iles of our signatures attached, in its advertise-
ments."

Commissioners.

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will
pay all Prizes drawn in the Louisiana State Lot-
tery which may be presented at our counters.
J. H. OGLESBY, Pres. La. National Bk.
J. W. KILBRETT, Pres. State Nat'l Bk.
A. BALDWIN, Pres. N. O. National Bk.
Unprecedented attraction! Over HALF
A MILLION distributed!

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY

Incorporated in 1885 for twenty-five years
by the Legislature for Educational and Char-
itable purposes—with a capital of \$1,000,000—
to which a reserve fund of over \$550,000 has
since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its trans-
action was made a part of the present State
Constitution adopted December 2, A.D., 1879.
The only Lottery ever voted on and endorsed
by the people of any State.

It never scales or postpones.
Its Grand Single Number Drawings take
place monthly, and the Semi-Annual Draw-
ings every six months (June and December).

A splendid opportunity to win
Fortune! Second Grand Drawing, class B, in
the Academy of Music, New Orleans, TUES-
DAY, Feb'y 8, 1887—20th Monthly Drawing.

Capital Prize, \$150,000.

NOTICE.—Tickets are \$10 only; Halves, \$5;
Fifths, \$2; Tenths, \$1.

List of Prizes.

1 CAPITAL PRIZE of.....	\$150,000	50,000
1 GRAND PRIZE of.....	50,000	50,000
1 GRAND PRIZE of.....	20,000	20,000
2 LARGE PRIZES of.....	20,000	20,000
4 LARGE PRIZES of.....	5,000	20,000
20 PRIZES of.....	1,000	20,000
50 " " " " " " " "	500	25,000
100 " " " " " " " "	300	30,000
200 " " " " " " " "	200	40,000
500 " " " " " " " "	100	50,000
1,000 " " " " " " " "	50	50,000

APPROXIMATE PRIZES.

100 Approximate prizes of \$800.....	\$80,000
100 " " " " " " " "	20,000
100 " " " " " " " "	10,000

2,179 Prizes, amounting to.....\$535,000

Application for rates to clubs should be
made only to the office of the company in
New Orleans.

For further information write clearly, giv-
ing full address. POSTAL NOTES, Express
Money Orders, or New York Exchange in or-
dinary letter. Currency by express (at our
expense) addressed to—

M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, La.,
Or M. A. DAUPHIN, Washington, D. C.

Make P. O. Money orders payable and ad-
dress Registered Letters to—

NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK,
New Orleans, La.

Remember that the presence of
Generals Beauregard
and Early, who are in charge of the drawings,
is a guarantee of absolute fairness and integ-
rity, that the chances are all equal, and that
no one can possibly divine what numbers will
draw a Prize. All parties, therefore, adver-
tising to guarantee Prizes in this Lottery, or
holding out any other impossible induc-
ements, are swindlers, and only aim to deceive
and defraud the unwary.

JOHN WHEELER,

—Dealer in—

Oysters, Fish, Game

Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Celery, Canned
Goods, &c. Norfolk Oysters received every
twenty-four hours.

S. PERLUS,

(Court Street—Old Postoffice.)

MERCHANT TAILOR.

Cutting, Fitting, and Custom-Made Suits to
order. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices low.

JACOB LINN,

BAKER AND CONFECTIONER.

Ice Cream and Soda Water a specialty.
Fresh Bread and Cakes made daily and de-
livered to any part of the city. Parties and
weddings furnished on short notice. No. 35
Second street.

The Northeastern Kentucky

Telephone Company

has connection with the following places
Maysville, Mayslick, Helena, Shannon, Sar-
dis and Mt. Olive.

Office in Maysville: Parker & Hopper's
corner Second and Sutton streets.

G. W. SULSER,

(Court Street, Maysville, Ky.)

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Will practice in the courts of Mason and ad-
joining counties. Prompt attention given to
collection of claims and accounts. Also to Fire
Insurance, and the buying, selling and rent-
ing of houses, lots and lands, and the writing
of deeds, mortgages, contracts, &c. neatly

WALL & WORTHINGTON.

GARRETT S. WALL,
E. L. WORTHINGTON

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

Will practice in all courts in Mason and ad-
joining counties and in the Superior Court
and Court of Appeals. All collections given
prompt attention. nov14d4w

HENRY HEGARD,

—No. 7 Market street,—

RELIABLE MERCHANT TAILOR.

Call and examine my samples of Foreign
and Domestic Goods from the large wholesale
houses of New York. Suits made to order on
more reasonable terms than any other house
in the city, and fit guaranteed. Also, agent
for dyeing and scouring houses in Cin-
cinnati. may14d4w

J. DAUGHERTY,

—Designer and dealer in—

MONUMENTS, TABLETS,

Headstones, &c. The largest stock of the
latest designs. The best material and work
ever offered in this section of the state, at re-
duced prices. Those wanting work in Gran-
ite or Marble are invited to call and see for
themselves. Second street, Maysville.

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

MONDAY EVENING, JAN 24, 1887.

The Weather.

Fair weather; warmer.
Snowflake corn, sugar peas—Calhoun's.
MANY imitations, but no equal, has Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

AMERICAN peas, better and cheaper than French, try them at G. W. Geisel's.

Rev. D. A. BEARDSLEY was unable to fill his pulpit yesterday on account of sickness.

COAL oil. Guaranteed non-explosive. Try it and you will use no other. At G. W. Geisel's.

Suit will be entered at Covington to recover \$15,000 back taxes from the heirs of Samuel Walker.

JOHN L. BOSLEY, of the Winchester Sun, has sold his paper to M. D. Hughes, late of the Lancaster News.

THE terms of twelve convicts at work on the railroad at Gooch's camp, near Augusta, will expire this month.

THE river is rising and will soon be clear of ice. But very little damage is reported from the break-up at headwaters.

Six convicts have been added to the number at Frankfort in the past day or so. The lot were sent up from Paducah.

THE grand jury of Wolfe County has indicted William and Robert Byrd for burning the court house at Campton last month.

THE Handy No. 2 failed to re-enter her trade this morning on account of the heavy ice at Vanceburg from the gorges at Bellaire and Syracuse.

MR. JAMES W. FITZGERALD is stopping at the "Arcade Hotel," Orlando, Fla., and will remain in the "land of flowers" until the latter part of March.

A LEADING grocery firm at Flemingsburg reports sales for the first two weeks this month as in excess of those for the corresponding period last year.

Rev. J. G. Bow preached to large audiences in the court house yesterday, morning and evening. There was one addition to the church at the morning service.

EVANS & TAYLOR, railroad contractors at Augusta, have added a number of hands to their force the past week, and will soon have their part of the road ready for the ties.

MR. WILL SIMPSON left on the noon train, Saturday, for Omaha, Neb., where he has procured a situation with Mr. Dan Morgan as traveling salesman for Proctor & Gamble, the big soap manufacturers.

IN the County Court last Saturday, the following were granted license to retail spirituous, vinous and malt liquors: George T. Wood, John W. Watson & Co., Martin Guilfoile, W. C. Shackelford, Jas. H. Rogers & Co.

THE prospects are reported bright for a building boom at Lexington the coming season. With the completion of Maysville's new railroad, we can't see any good reason why there should not be a boom of some kind here.

THE evidence in the case of Mr. Chas. Downing against Mason County and others, on trial in the Circuit Court, is all in, and the arguments were commenced this morning. A previous trial of the case resulted, it will be remembered, in a hung jury.

Rev. R. B. GARRETT's many friends will be gratified to learn that his meeting with great success in his protracted meeting at Newport. The interest in the services is increasing daily. Up to last Friday evening there had been twenty-eight additions to the church.

AFTER a test of over fifteen years there can be little question as to the durability of the celebrated Diamond lens spectacles, and while they preserve the sight their lasting qualities are such as to make frequent changing unnecessary. The genuine are for sale by Ballenger.

So far, our merchants do not take kindly to the \$2.50 gas proposition, and claim that they will stick to coal oil until gas comes down to \$1.75. They say they are willing to pay \$1 more than Maysville, but no more. One of our merchants interviewed a score of his neighbors on the subject a few days ago.—Bourbon News.

Personal.

Mr. E. M. Duncan, of the Lexington Press, is the guest of Rev. Russell Cecil. Messrs. W. A. Peed and M. B. Goodpaster, of Sharpsburg, were in town this morning.

THEIR many friends and acquaintances will be gratified to learn that Mr. Thomas James and Dr. James Thompson were both better this morning, and are improving.

ADVICE to mothers: Slap your daughters on the top of their heads before sending them to the theatre, and you'll be entitled to a rousing vote of thanks.—Bourbon News.

THE case of the Commonwealth against Thomas Helton, charged with forgery, was called in the Circuit Court Saturday, but was continued till Wednesday, February 2, on account of the absence of witnesses.

THE extension of the Chattahoochee Railroad from Richardson to White House, in Eastern Kentucky, will be made this season. The force of men now at work will be increased as soon as favorable weather sets in.

THERE were fourteen additions to the M. E. Church at Mitchell's Chapel, Chester, at the service last night, making over twenty in all. The meeting is still in progress, conducted by Revs. J. S. Marriott and Thomas Hanford.

THE West Liberty Gem suggests that the county seat of Wolfe County be removed from Campton to Hazel Green. The court house and public buildings at Campton were recently destroyed, and if the removal is ever to be made, now is the time.

MARRIED, at the residence of Mr. William Bradford, at Ellsberry, Brown County, Ohio, on Thursday, January 20, 1887, by L. P. Cord, J. P., Mr. James L. Triplett, of Mason County, Ky., to Miss Belle Bradford, of Huntington Township, Brown County, Ohio.

IN order to make room for spring goods, I have determined to reduce price of stock 20 per cent. For the next thirty days I will offer unprecedented bargains. My patrons are cordially invited to call and examine. Respectfully,
ANNA M. FRAZER.

THE Cincinnati and Southeastern Railroad Company, that operates the little "narrow gauge" from Johnson Junction to Hillsboro, owes Fleming County \$1,388 back taxes, and wants to compromise at 65 cents on the dollar. The claim is made that the valuation of the road is too high.

AN immense congregation was in attendance last night at the Murphysville Methodist Episcopal Church. At the close of the services seven persons joined, seven were received into full membership, and ten were baptized. There have been twenty-two additions to date. Revs. Garrett and Herron are vigorously prosecuting the work, assisted by the people.

AT the last meeting of the Catholic Knights of St. John, of this city, the following officers were chosen for the ensuing year:

President—M. A. Swift.
Vice President—George Schroeber.
R. and C. Secretary—C. T. Brown.
Financial Secretary—John O'Keefe.
Treasurer—Thomas Cummings.
Sergeant-at-arms—Tim. Moran.
Board of Directors—John Lynch, Frank Devine, John Kane, Jr., M. F. Kehoe, Mike Redmond.

A Lie.

MAYSVILLE, Ky., January 24, 1887.
Messrs. Thomas A. Davis and J. Hawthorne Hill, Editors of the Maysville Republican—Sirs: In the last issue of the Maysville Republican, dated January 22, 1887, you published an article headed, "The Story of a Will, Why it Was Burned Instead of Waiting to be Probated."

I ask you, each of you, to state to me and to the public, plainly and unequivocally, whether or not the widow lady referred to in the said article is Mrs. Mary R. Spalding, of this city, and whether or not I am the agent referred to in the said article, and to state fully and explicitly the person or persons, the time, place and circumstances, by whom and when it was told to you. If you, nor either of you, did write it, state who did, and state in whose handwriting the copy is now on your file, and state whom you consider is personally and legally responsible for the publication of the said article. In any event, you know now, and could have known before you published the article, upon the slightest inquiry, that I was the agent referred to, or if my name was used, that the story as published is, and was, an unqualified, willful and malicious lie.

This article will be marked in ink, and a copy of it handed to each of you, so that it may not be overlooked.

An answer is desired in the next issue of your paper. Very respectfully,
G. S. JUDD.

Another Card.

Editor Bulletin: The contemptible fling and dirty matter published in last Saturday's Republican about Mr. Knoll, cornetist, is a lie out of the whole cloth. I know whereof I speak.
W. T. McDANIEL.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. C. Pecor & Co.

TENDENCY TOWARD CO-OPERATION

Clean Towel Supply Company—Holds Tinkering.

The tendency of modern times toward universal co-operation is illustrated by some business associations, the outgrowth for the most part of recent years. They flourish in large cities like New York; they are constantly being augmented, being diversified, reaching out more and more toward centralizing drudgery, and monopolizing industry. The invention of new corporations is the pastime of many minds, the invention of corporations for the doing of old things in a new way the serious business of more. Here, for example, is the Clean Towel Supply company. What is that? A corporation equipped with a board of directors, a president and a full staff of agents and officers. And its business is—? Yes—what its name implies. It devotes itself and finds its profit, and very good profit, too, in the business of keeping offices, stores and factories supplied with clean towels, soap, brush and comb.

This is the way it is done. A cheap rack with a beveled mirror, neat and attractive in appearance is furnished to each of its customers at the rental of 75 cents per month; with these articles the company binds itself to supply three clean towels per week to each subscriber. It is really wonderful how many customers find this company a most desirable institution.

Another company is about to engage in the tinkering business, not pots and kettles, but doors, window lights, bell wires and gas and water pipes. Is any householder unaware of the interminable odd-jobbing that the best built house needs? Most of all, is there a housewife who has not been too often sore tried by the "total depravity" of door knobs and drains? The prospectus of this company does not, as might be expected, enlarge upon John's repugnance to house repairing, but does dilate upon the manifold advantages offered of having all household repairs neatly and promptly made for the modest fee of \$15 per year. A workman will call, so runs the document, once each week, and all tinkering, from the baby's wooden doll to the sewing machine, falls within its province.

Our English cousins, not to be outdone by Yankee cleverness, have been making aggregations of capital likewise for domestic purposes. And for what, think you? Food for dogs and cats, and I have an indistinct recollection of the plan having been extended to the care and feeding of canary birds. This is corporate action run to seed with a vengeance. The mode of operating the business of purveying for cats and catering for dogs must be novel and instructive. I presume by this time—the business was begun last year—they have purveyors to the dogs of H. R. H. Prince of Wales with other honorary titles too numerous to mention.—Cor. Cleveland Leader.

A Twenty-One Year Sentence.

SHOALS, Ind., Jan. 24.—The jury in the Miles-Jones murder case returned a verdict of manslaughter and placed the sentence at twenty-one years in the penitentiary. A feud had existed between Stephen and Vincent Miles and Jacob Jones, and on the 3d of last September they met in a lonesome road, when the quarrel was renewed. Stephen Miles shot Jones in the knee, and then beat his brains out with the butt of the gun. The trial has lasted the entire week, and the defense made a strong fight for acquittal on the plea of self-defense. The jury was out three hours. An appeal for a new trial is now being argued in the circuit court.

Indiana Legislature.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 24.—There appears to be a break in the ranks of the Knights of Labor, as they prepare for a joint senatorial convention. The Democrats expect the election of Turpie through Robinson's (Knight) assistance. The ballot resulted: Turpie 74, Harrison 70, Allen 4, a pair in the senate reducing the vote of the first two one each. Robinson wavered, but finally voted faintly for Turpie. One of the Democrats deserted Turpie for Allen, thus offsetting Robinson's vote.

A Brute and Coward.

BOSTON, Jan. 24.—Mrs. John L. Sullivan writes to a friend here that she believes her late husband is shamming about his arm. She says she knows his dodges. If he cannot knock a man out quick he gets scared, and cries like a baby. He told her after he met Mitchell that the latter would have done him up in one more round. Mrs. Sullivan thinks Cardiff was getting the best of John. She hopes he will whip him yet, for she regards him as a brute and coward.

Prisoners Released by Masked Men.

WARREN, Ark., Jan. 24.—Three weeks ago there was published an account of the assassination of the Harris brothers in Bradley county, by two men known as Hamilton and Ludberry. Last night the jail was broken open by a party of masked men, and the alleged murderers set at liberty. A large posse are in pursuit of the jail breakers, and if they overtake them there will doubtless be a serious affray.

Serious Illness of Ex-Governor Blackburn.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 24.—Dr. Luke P. Blackburn, ex-governor of Kentucky, was brought home from his plantation near Helena, Ark., this morning, in a very low condition, ailing from liver troubles and old age. It is not expected that he can recover.

Allan Pinkerton's Widow Dead.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—Joan Carfrae Pinkerton, widow of the late Allan Pinkerton, died at 1:15 this morning of a complication of diseases, at the house of her son-in-law, William J. Chalmers. Mrs. Pinkerton was sixty-five years old.

Poisoned By Eating Canned Beef.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Jan. 24.—Three persons named Litterly, living at Elliot, Me., are reported poisoned by eating canned corned beef last night. The daughter and mother cannot recover, and the husband is in a very critical condition.

Over One Hundred Lives Lost.

SHANGHAI, Jan. 24.—The British steamer Nepal, from London, collided with and sunk a Chinese transport several days ago. One hundred soldiers and several mandarins were drowned.

Painful Accident.

TIFFIN, O., Jan. 24.—Miss Minnie Berger, in alighting from a buggy, fell and dislocated her knee and broke the cap, which will make her a cripple for a long time, if not for life.

A young lady who was sought by two lovers, who hated each other cordially, said to one of them one day:
"Oh, Fred, just look at this sweet little puppy that Will has just sent me! Wasn't he kind?"
"Yes, growled Fred, scowling at the puppy, 'It's just like him!'"

City Items.

Try Langdon's City Butter Crackers. Ask your grocer for Foerster's City Butter Crackers. They are the best.

A full supply of school books always on hand. Give us a call.
J. C. Pecor & Co.

Our dress goods are marked way down. See our elegant display of hamburgs.

PAUL HOFELICH & BRO.
You will find a complete assortment of artist's materials just received direct from eastern importers at G. W. Blatterman & Co's.

To make room for improvements, we are giving special bargains in carpets.

PAUL HOFELICH & BRO.
Any orders for insurance for Joseph F. Broderick, left at Schroeder's saddlery, one door East of opera house, will receive prompt attention. n25dtf

Removal.

Dr. G. M. Williams has removed his dental office to building on Third street, adjoining Dr. Shackelford's office.

How to Save Money.

and we might also say, time and pain as well, in our advice to good housekeepers and ladies generally. The great necessity existing always to have a perfectly safe remedy convenient for the relief and prompt cure of the ailments peculiar to woman—functional irregularity, constant pains, and all the symptoms attendant upon uterine disorders—induces us to recommend strongly and unqualifiedly Dr. Pierce's "Favorite prescription"—woman's best friend. It will save money.

Good Results in Every Case.

D. A. Bradford, wholesale paper dealer of Chattanooga, Tenn., writes that he was seriously afflicted with a severe cold that settled on his lungs; had tried many remedies without benefit. Being induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, did so and was entirely cured by use of a few bottles. Since which time he has used it in his family for all coughs and colds with best results. This is the experience of thousands whose lives have been saved by this Wonderful Discovery. Trial bottle free at the drug stores of J. C. Pecor & Co., and S. P. Campbell & Co., of Aberdeen Ohio.

Do You Know

That DuLac's Swiss Balsam is the best remedy for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, etc.

That Swiss Balsam will cure that neglected cold. Delays are dangerous.

That Swiss Balsam contains no morphia or opium, thus making it the best and safest cough remedy for children Pleasant to take.

That this valuable remedy only costs 25 cents a bottle and can be had at J. C. Pecor & Co's.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., New York.

WANTED.

WANTED—A live, energetic man to represent us. \$75 per month and expenses. Goods staple; every one buys; outfits and particulars free.

STANDARD SILVERWARE CO., Boston.
NOTICE—Take your trunks and valises and hand-satchels for coverings and repairs to GEORGE SCHROEDER, the saddler. 17dtf

LADIES wanted to get up Tea Clubs for our pure Teas and Coffees. A host of useful articles to select from as premiums. Send for illustrated price and premium list. Special offer to every tenth person that answers this advertisement, we will send free one pound of choice tea. Address NAT'L TEA & COFFEE CO., Boston, Mass. 27d&w3m(2)

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—House and lot, north side of Third street, Fifth ward. Three rooms, kitchen and cellar. Fine repair. Price, \$950. Apply at this office. s2dtf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—The office formerly occupied by Dr. A. G. Browning, on Third street. Apply to Mrs. J. A. HOWE. 13dtf

LOST.

LOST—A handsome earring, crescent shape, pearls set in gold and onyx. If the finder will leave the same with HERMAN LANGE, on Second street, he will be generously rewarded. 13dtf

AND Whiskey. Lungs cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. H. N. WOOLLEY, M.D., Atlanta, Ga. Office 105 Whitehall street.

AUCTION!

PARTING SALUTE.

All of the enormous stock of A. R. GLASCOCK'S Dry Goods and Notions, No. 20 Second Street, Maysville, will be sold at AUCTION, regardless of cost or value.

Sale to Commence Monday, Jan. 24,

at 2 o'clock p. m., and continue until all is closed out. There will be a special sale of Silks, Velvets, Plushes, Satins and other high cost goods on THURSDAY, Jan. 27, at 2:30 p. m.

IMPORTANT

TO

CASH BUYERS OF DRY GOODS.

We are determined to close out the balance of our stock of Winter Goods. With this object in view, we have made great reductions in prices. Note some of the drives we are offering: 54 inch All-Wool Ladies' Cloth, 62½c; 36 inch All-Wool Colored Cashmere, 40c; Red Twilled Flannel, 20, 27½ and 35c., reduced from 25, 35 and 50c.; extra good Jeans at 25c.; Ladies' and Gent's Heavy Underwear reduced 25 per cent; A big job in Children's Wool Hose—10, 15 and 20c; \$6 Newmarkets, Short Wraps or Jackets reduced to \$4; a few better Wraps at the same reduction; Children's Havelocks, \$1.50, 2.00 and 2.50, worth \$3, to \$5; extra bargains in Colored and White Blankets.

Remember the place, and call on us before you buy your Dry Goods, and you will be convinced that we can save you money.

BROWNING & CO.,

3 East Second Street, Maysville.

ROBBED FIFTY DWELLINGS

A MESSENGER BOY'S ACROIT WORK AS A HALL THIEF.

He Resigns His Place, But Retains His Uniform to Enable Him to Operate with Less Fear of Detection—Fifty Overcoats Stolen and Pawned.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—Samuel Carr, who wore the uniform of an American District messenger boy, is a self-confessed thief. Since the week before Christmas he has been operating as a sneak thief, and his success was in a large measure due to his uniform. He was employed as a messenger up to two months ago, when he resigned. Frequent complaints of his thefts had been reported at police headquarters, and on January 6 a description of him was sent out with orders for his arrest. His operations were principally confined to the Eighteenth, Nineteenth and Twenty-fifth police precincts.

Wednesday night he was caught in Capt. Clinchy's precinct shortly after he had stolen a coat from the residence of Fernando Bernard, No. 112 East Twenty-fifth street. Carr rang the bell there and asked the servant who had called. After she had gone to inquire he fled with an overcoat. He sauntered towards Third avenue, and when near the corner a man eager to catch a street car ran up behind him. Carr fearing that he was being pursued dropped the coat and started off on a run. Policeman Manning arrested the boy and went back to where he had dropped the coat, but another thief had taken it.

Carr was taken to the Twenty-second street station house, where he was confronted by Girard Foster, of No. 23 Fifth avenue, who had just lost his \$120 overcoat while visiting at the residence of Hamilton Fish, Jr., at No. 117 East Twenty-first street.

Seeing that he was discovered Carr admitted the theft of no less than fifty overcoats from as many dwellings. All of these he had pawned and destroyed the tickets, but he promised to tell where he had disposed of them. He said he was sixteen years old, and lived with his mother and step-father at No. 294 Henry street. He said he went to work for the messenger company to make money enough to help his mother, but the company fined him so much that his wages were reduced to almost nothing. His step-father was out of work, and the family needed money. He got only a few dollars on each of the coats, and gave his mother the money. Sufficient evidence has been secured against him, and he says he will plead guilty and probably be sent to the Elmira reformatory. The detectives took Carr around town in a hack to pick out the houses he had robbed, and visited the pawnbrokers' shops with him in order that he might identify the stolen property. When arrested he wore the uniform coat and cap of the messenger company, and his shield bore the number, 1,059.

At the boy's request Capt. Clinchy notified his mother of his arrest. She came to the station-house last evening in great distress. Both she and Carr's step-father, who accompanied her, denied all knowledge of his acts, and told the captain that they had received little money from him. They were at a loss to explain what he had done with the proceeds of his thefts. The lad, they said, had been obedient and they had no idea that he had gone wrong.

After Carr returned to the station-house from his tour of the pawnshops he acknowledged that he had squandered most of the money realized on the stolen property. The pathetic story of his being the support of the family was robbed of its point. "When I was working I used to be left in the hall when waiting for a call," he said, "and I thought it a good chance to 'skin' the pockets of the overcoats hanging in the hall. Sometimes I made a pretty good haul, but I thought it would be a good scheme to take the coats and sell them. After I was discharged I began to do that. I ain't any worse than a good many other messenger boys. They all steal when they get a chance, 'cause the company don't give them wages enough and treat them so, fining them for every little thing. It's one of the tricks of the trade to take whatever you can get your hands on when answering a call."

The detectives have a long list of places that Carr pointed out as having been robbed by him. During the afternoon he succeeded in identifying eight coats at the pawnshops where he had taken them. A reporter saw them piled up on a table in Capt. Clinchy's office, and found them for the most part to be high-priced garments. Their value would no doubt aggregate over \$350, but the total for which they were pledged was only \$38, ranging from \$3 to \$10 a piece. The boy was started out between 7 and 8 o'clock on another hunt for coats, and it was continued until a late hour. Quite a number of coats were added to the stock, which the owners can have by calling at the station house and identifying their property.

One of the pawnbrokers who advanced money on a couple of coats, said to a reporter: "This boy came to my place dressed like a messenger boy, and I thought nothing of his asking me to advance money on a coat. He said it was given to him by a man who had been on a 'racket' and was 'broke' and wanted money to go to a hotel and sober up. That very frequently happens. If he had asked for a large amount on the coat I would have been distrustful, but all he wanted was a little money, and said the coats would be taken out the next day. When the second coat was brought in my clerk took it for the same reason, I suppose."

The manager of the messenger department of the American District Telegraph company, at No. 8 Day street, where Carr said he had worked, denied that they ever had such a boy employed there. Finally, after looking over the books, the name of S. Carr was found. His home was registered as No. 466 East Eighteenth street. This boy was discharged three months ago, since which time nothing had been heard of him. The manager said no cap shield with the number 1,059 was missing, and the boy who worked under the number was one of the most reliable ones in the service. He stated that the company's private detective, McGinnis, had commenced an investigation when notified by the central office.

The game played by Carr is not a new one. It was successfully worked several years ago, Capt. Clinchy said. The thief was a discharged messenger who kept his cap shield, and it took some time to catch him.

Smallpox in New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—Seven cases of smallpox have been reported to the health officers in this city to-day. There is some uneasiness over the sudden appearance of the disease. Two new cases were reported in Brooklyn yesterday, but none to-day.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Topics of the Times Given in a terse and spicy manner.

There are seven cases of small-pox in New York.

Judge Wesley Sloane, of southern Illinois, is dead.

Thomas Edison, the inventor, who has been ill, is slowly recovering.

Henry M. Stanley's expedition for the relief of Emin Bey left London for Egypt.

A \$3,000,000 iron and steel manufacturing company was incorporated at Selma, Ala.

England intimates a desire to have a congress of powers to settle the Bulgarian question.

Abe Chambers, for the murder of Jonas Williams, was hanged at Newport, Ark. Both colored.

Preston Valentine, colored, was hanged at Augusta, Ga., for the murder of Night Watchman Vale.

Manager Hauser of a private bank at Copenhagen, Denmark, is under arrest for embezzling \$1,000,000.

The emperor of Russia, Prussia and Austria agree to meet at Berlin on the emperor's birthday March 22.

Ex-Governor Alger recently sent a barrel of flour and a ton of coal to each of 500 destitute families in Detroit.

Calvin Bass' house, Columbia, S. C., was burned. Mrs. Bass and two children perished. Bass is suspected.

The coal famine has forced Goodyear's India Rubber works at Naugatuck to shut down. One thousand hands are out.

About 501 cases have been filed in the United States courts against parties in Louisiana for timber cutting on public lands.

A negro band of assassins and robbers, headed by "Jack the Bear" and "Jack the Rabbit," two notorious outlaws, is in jail at Birmingham, Ala.

John Ross, one of the three negroes who killed an aged white lady at Baltimore to obtain her body for a medical college, has been sentenced to death.

Suits aggregating a million dollars have been brought against the stockholders of the bankrupt National Express and Transportation company of New York.

Mrs. Smythe and Mrs. McMahon, who perjured themselves during the celebrated Ford-Murphy trial at New Orleans, were pardoned after a year in prison.

Policeman Charles D. Adams, of New York, shot at a prisoner who was trying to escape and killed Pontanilla Canale, who was standing in front of his father's drug store.

Chicago swindlers are publishing a life of General Logan for ten cents per copy. To advertisers the back page of the entire edition is offered for \$50. Investigation shows that the "ad" appears only in one copy, that delivered to each victim.

James M. Patrick, Denver, married a daughter of millionaire McManus, of St. Louis, a few years ago. There was a family quarrel and Mrs. Patrick and her baby were spirited away. Mrs. Patrick soon after died. Her husband is vainly searching for his baby, now four years old and heirless to \$1,000,000.

Coal for the Needy Poor.
NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—Assemblyman Dalton, of the Seventeenth district, has sent \$1,000 to the New York World to be used in furnishing coal to the needy poor of his district during the present coal famine. The Shovelers' union has refused to handle the coal on the ground that it is "scab" coal, but the World announces that it will be distributed to all who apply, and are found to be destitute and worthy.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations of the Money, Stock, Produce, and Cattle Markets for January 22.

NEW YORK.—Money 4 1/2 per cent. Exchange steady. Governments firm.

Currency silver, 25 1/2 out; four coupons, 128; four-and-a-half, 119 1/2 bid.

The stock market opened quiet at last night's closing figures, but a buying movement in Jersey Central was soon begun, which sent figures up all around. At 12 o'clock prices showed a gain from 1/4 to 2 1/2 per cent. After that hour there was considerable selling to realize, which caused a reaction.

Bur. & Quincy, 138 1/4; Mich. Central, 89; Canadian Pacific, 147 1/2; Missouri Pacific, 109 1/2; Canadian Southern, 57 1/2; N. Y. Central, 113; Great Northern, 87 1/2; Northwestern, 113; C. O. C. & I., 64 1/2; Northern Pacific, 2; Del. & Hudson, 103 1/2; Ohio preferred, 58 1/2; Del. Lack. & W., 136; Ohio & Miss., 21; Denver & Rio Grande, 10; Pacific Mail, 53; Erie second, 33; Reading, 40; Illinois Central, 134 1/2; Rock Island, 134 1/2; Jersey Central, 67 1/2; St. Paul, 87 1/2; Kansas & Texas, 30 1/2; do preferred, 118 1/2; Lake Shore, 94; Union Pacific, 59 1/2; Louisville & Nash, 61; Western Union, 73 1/2.

CINCINNATI.
FLOUR—Fancy, \$3.75@4.00; family, \$3.35@3.50.

WHEAT—No. 3 red, \$1.00@1.05; No. 2, \$1.05@1.10; CORN—No. 3 mixed, 30¢; No. 2 mixed, 31¢; OATS—No. 3 mixed, 20¢; No. 2 mixed, 21¢; RYE—No. 3 white, \$1.25@1.30; No. 2, \$1.30@1.35.

POKE—Family, \$12.50@12.65; regular, \$12.50@12.65.

LARD—Kettle, 6 1/2¢; 5¢.

BACON—Short, clear sides, 7 1/2¢; CHEESE—Prime to choice Ohio, 12¢@12 1/2¢; New York, 12 1/2¢@14¢.

POULTRY—Common chickens, \$2.00@2.25 per dozen; fair to prime, \$2.25@2.50; choice, \$2.75@3.00; ducks, \$2.00@2.50; live turkey, 6¢@9¢.

WOOL—Unwashed medium cloth g. 25¢@30¢; fine merino, 30¢@35¢; common, 15¢@20¢; fleece-washed medium clothing, 30¢@35¢; combing, 30¢@35¢; fine merino, 40¢@45¢; 2¢; 2¢; 2¢; but and cots, 6¢@10¢; tub washed, \$1.00@1.25; pulled, 27¢@30¢.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$11.00@11.50; No. 2, \$10.00@10.50; mixed, \$9.00@9.50; prairie, \$7.00@7.50; wheat, oats and rye straw, \$5.00@6.00.

CATTLE—Good to choice butchers, \$3.50@4.10; fair, \$2.75@3.35; common, \$1.75@2.50; stockers and feeders, \$3.00@3.50; yearlings and calves, \$2.25@3.00.

HOES—See cut butchers, \$4.80@4.90; fair to good packing, \$4.50@4.80; fair to good light, \$4.25@4.50; common, \$3.00@4.25; culls, \$2.25@3.50.

SHEEP—Common to fair, \$2.75@3.00; good to choice, \$3.75@4.00; common to fair lambs, \$4.00@4.50; good to choice, \$4.75@5.25.

Pittsburg.
CATTLE—Nothing doing; ad through consignments; receipts, 95 head; shipments, 33 head; prime, \$4.75@5.00; fair to good, \$4.25@4.50; common, \$3.50@4.00.

HOES—Receipts, 3,200 head; shipment, 4,700 head; Philadelphia, \$5.10@5.25; Yorkers, \$4.80@5.00; common to light, \$4.50@4.75.

SHEEP—Very dull and prices unchanged; prime, \$4.75@5.00; fair to good, \$4.10@4.50; common, \$2.00@3.00; lambs, \$3.50@5.00; receipts, 3,000 head; shipments, 0 head.

New York.
WHEAT—No. 1 red state, 95¢; No. 2 red winter, February, 94 1/2¢; May, 96¢.

CORN—Mixed, cash, 48¢; February, 48 1/2¢. OATS—No. 1 white state, 40¢; No. 2, 39 1/2¢. CATTLE—\$4.00@5.10 per 100 lbs. live weight. HOGS—\$5.00@5.25 per 100 lbs. live weight. SHEEP—\$3.00@5.20 per 100 lbs. live weight.

COTTON—Quiet; middling uplands, 9 1/2¢; do Orleans 9 1/2¢. January, 9 3/8¢; February, 9 1/2¢; March, 9 5/8¢; April, 9 3/4¢; May, 9 7/8¢; June, 9 5/8¢; July, 9 5/8¢; August, 9 5/8¢.

Chicago.
CATTLE—Choice to extra shipping, \$3.35@4.00; common to fair, \$1.50@2.50; stockers and feeders, \$2.00@3.50; Texas corn-fed, \$2.20@2.50.



"I want something to cure my cough. I have tried our doctor, and almost every proprietary medicine I ever heard of, but nothing seems to do me any good," a lady said to the clerk in a large drug-store.

"Gooch's Mexican Syrup gives the most general satisfaction of any thing we have ever sold, and is pronounced by some of our most prominent people to be the best remedy for coughs and lung troubles ever put upon the market. We sell more of it than all other cough remedies put together. You see our customers risk nothing in buying, as the proprietors authorize all druggists to guarantee it; so if this does not give you satisfaction, we will refund the money. It has made some remarkable cures," he replied,

A WORD TO CONSUMPTIVES.

Consumptives, because all other things fail, believe not that Gooch's Mexican Syrup will. CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED. Tuberculous matter is nothing more than nourishment imperfectly organized. Now, if we can procure the organization of this food material so that through the process of electric affinity it may take its place in the system, we can cure the disease. This is just what Gooch's Mexican Syrup does: It at once stops the progress of the disease by preventing the further supply of tuberculous matter, for while the system is under its influence all nourishment is organized and assimilated. It controls Coughs, Night-Sweats, and all other symptoms of consumption. GOOCH'S MEXICAN SYRUP HAS CURED THOUSANDS AND IT WILL CURE YOU. This remedy is pleasant to the taste, and may be given to children with perfect safety. It affords immediate relief. Clergymen, lawyers and other public speakers will be greatly benefited by using this remedy to clear and strengthen the voice. This medicine is prepared and every bottle warranted by CINCINNATI DRUG & CHEMICAL CO., 54 Main Street, Cincinnati, Ohio. For sale by all druggists. 50 cts. per bottle. If your medicine dealer hasn't it and won't get it for you, send us 50 cents and we will send a bottle—expressage prepaid to any part of the U. S.

Headquarters For ALL KINDS



C. S. MINER & BRO.

MALTSBY, BENTLEY & CO.

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS!

WINES, LIQUORS,

TOBACCOS AND TEAS

Fine Concord Wine for medicinal purposes.

No. 19, Market Street.

ROBERT BISSET.

PRACTICAL

PLUMBER

Gas and Steam Fitter.

Orders promptly attended to. No. 25

Second street.

FRANK E. HAUCKE.

House, Sign and

ORNAMENTAL PAINTER.

Shop a few doors above Yancey & Alexander's

livery stable, second street.

MISS ANNA FRAZEE.

NOVELTY STORE.

Dealer in—

DRY GOODS and NOTIONS.

I have always on hand a full supply of School Books, and have just received a large assortment of new millinery goods.

DR. DEWITT C. FRANKLIN.

Dentist,

Office: Sutton Street, next door to Postoffice.

Keynote to Health.

Health is wealth. Wealth means independence. The Keynote is Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup, the best Cough Syrup in the world. Cures Coughs, Colds, Pains in the Chest, Bronchitis and Primary Consumption. One dose gives relief in every case. Take no other. Price 50 cents and \$1.00. Samples free Sold by George T. Wood.

Must All Be Sold.

SPECIAL PRICES.

No Winter Goods to be carried over. At some price they must go. Newmarkets at \$3.00, 3.50, 4.00, 4.50 and 5.00, just half former price; Children's Cloaks, 25 to 33 per cent. less than cost—the whole lot to be closed out at a great sacrifice; Red Flannels at 15, 20 and 25 cents per yard; Grey Flannels at 12 1/2, 15, 18, 20 and 25 cents per yard; Grey Blankets, large size, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50 and 2.00; White Blankets, \$1.25, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50 and 3.00 per pair; Dress Goods at 12 1/2, 15, 20 and 25 cts. per yard; Cashmeres and Tricots marked down less than cost; Good Jeans at 20, 25 and 35 cents per yard; Woolen Hosiery reduced to close; cut prices made on all Winter Goods. Remember the place: 24 Market street,

CHEAPEST STORE IN TOWN!

J. W. Sparks & Bro

NEW EMBROIDERIES

Direct from the manufactories in Switzerland. The largest and most complete line ever brought to this market. White and Colored Edgings, Insertings and Allovers. Before buying get our prices: they are the Cheapest. These goods will be put on sale to-day, January 21st. Call and see them.

NESBITT & McKRELL.

J. BALLENGER.

DIAMONDS.

WATCHES, and JEWELRY.

SPECTACLES.

FANCY GOODS.

LANGER,

THE

JEWELER

Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Clocks, Silverware, Spectacles, Gold Pens and Imported Novelties. The Largest Stock, Finest Goods, Latest styles and LOWEST PRICES in Mayaville. Stores: 43 Second St., Mayaville, and 17 Arcade, Cincinnati.